How is your organisation doing?

A guide for the assessment of organisational capacity

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What this guide is all about

This guide is an instrument for non-governmental organisations (NGOs). The main purpose of the guide is to provide NGOs with a framework for the systematic evaluation of their organisational processes, structures, systems and skills. It is designed to help them to identify and understand their strengths and weaknesses and to enable them to develop strategies to improve their organisations' capacity.

The development of the guide

The development of this guide was commissioned by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID). USAID South Africa is the US Government agency responsible for development assistance in South Africa. Their goal is to assist government and non-governmental institutions in South Africa to promote the political, social and economic empowerment of the disadvantaged majority population.

Like many other donor agencies, USAID is concerned not only with the impact they are making through the funding of projects, but also with the institutional capacity that is created in the recipient organisations (i.e. their ability to sustain their activities, to reach their objectives and to prosper and grow). In fact, a key measure of the performance of the USAID/SA programme is its effect on the functioning of the NGOs that receive funding.

USAID/SA commissioned the development of the guide with two objectives in mind. Firstly they wanted to obtain baseline information (including their development objectives) on those organisations that apply for funding for **organisational capacity buil-ding**. (The aim was not to use the instrument to evaluate organisations that apply for the funding of projects.) Secondly they wanted to make the instrument freely available to NGOs as a general contribution to organisational capacity building in these organisations.

The guide was developed by the Human Sciences Research Council after reviewing the literature on effective organisations in order to identify assessment criteria. A workshop was arranged to obtain information from NGOs operating in South Africa and their comments were used for the revision of the instrument.

The intention is to start using the guide in 1996. As it continues to be used by organisations, there will be further feedback and modification.

The assessment process

The guide provides a framework for a systematic thinking and discussion process. In order to derive maximum benefit from this process, you need to:

à Get your organisation's commitment

The extent to which an NGO will benefit from this assessment process will depend on

- the organisation's willingness to set aside enough time to work through the guide and to look critically at itself;
- · the honesty with which the questions are answered;
- the depth of the discussions;
- the organisation's commitment to addressing problems and to finding solutions to each of them.

à Emphasise understanding

During the assessment process the emphasis should be on understanding your organisation. Most of the questions are formulated in such a way that you can simply answer yes or no to them. However, it is extremely important to explain clearly throughout the discussion of the questions, why you chose a particular answer.

à Appreciate different perspectives, but try to reach consensus

Different perspectives on each question should be obtained. Your evaluation group should then try to reach consensus on how the group views the situation.

à Handle group processes carefully and constructively

The assessment process should be handled in a constructive manner. The purpose of the exercise is not to accuse or blame individuals for mistakes. The focus should not be on individuals, but on the functioning of the organisation. Personal attacks should be avoided.

à Get a balanced perspective of the organisation

The process should be aimed at obtaining a balanced perspective of the organisation. Its strengths and weaknesses are equally important. The organisation should build on its strengths and endeavour to eliminate its weaknesses. The process should also be aimed at seeking solutions to problems experienced.

à Develop a holistic picture of your organisation

It should also be remembered that, although the different areas are dealt with separately in the assessment, they are closely related and influence one another.

The importance of involving all relevant persons

The instrument covers different areas in your organisation. Some of the questions can best be answered by certain members of the organisation, while others can best be answered by other members of staff. It is important to involve people who can answer specific questions in the evaluation process.

Using small groups

The instrument should be applied in small groups, which should consist of a cross-section of staff in order to obtain different perspectives on the organisation's functioning. The group processes should be controlled with regard to the following factors:

- All group members should have equal status for the purpose of evaluation, i.e. senior members of the organisation should not dominate the group. The perspectives brought to the process by each member of the group should be valued.
- It is important that the group should reach consensus on the scale score. All view-points should be heard and every individual should have the opportunity to explain why he/she prefers a particular evaluation.

Using an outside facilitator

It is strongly recommended that you involve a skilled external facilitator to assist with the process. Such a facilitator can enhance the objectivity and effectiveness of the process.

It remains of the utmost importance that a cross-section of your staff be involved in the assessment.

Peer evaluation

Peer evaluation is another way of evaluating organisational capacity. You could invite members of another organisation to participate in the process and share their impressions with you.

A word of caution

An organisation assessment process such as the one proposed in this guide can, in itself, have an influence on an organisation. People's awareness of problems in their organisation may motivate them to work towards the improvement of the organisation. However, it may also elicit feelings of uncertainty and despondency. Such an assessment process also creates expectations of change. It is therefore important to time such an assessment correctly, to handle the process in a constructive manner and to be committed to the implementation of improvement strategies.

How to use this guide

The guide is divided into five main sections, each dealing with an aspect of organisational functioning:

- governance and leadership
- strategic direction
- operational management
- human resources
- feedback

These sections are divided into subsections that deal with more specific areas for assessment.

In the assessment group the following steps can be followed:

- 1. Read through the main sections, their descriptions and the subsections included in each main section to obtain an overview of the assessment process.
- 2. Start with the first section (i.e. governance and leadership). Read carefully through the description. Ensure that everybody understands what it means.
- 3. Go to the first subsection (i.e. governing board). Read through the questions. Ensure that everybody understands them. Answer them one by one and explain your answers.
- 4. Allocate a score to the subject of the subsection. Try to reach consensus in the group regarding the score.
- 5. Identify the strengths and weaknesses of the subject of the subsection and explain why you chose them.
- 6. Identify the areas of the subsection subject that need improvement.
- 7. Work in a similar way through all the subsections.
- 8. Fill in the score summary on page 36 of the guide.
- 9. Prioritise the areas that need attention in terms of their importance for the continued survival and growth of your organisation.
- 10. Develop change strategies for the three areas that you gave the highest priority.

Please note: Some of the areas for assessment may not apply to your organisation. The aim of the guide is to facilitate a process aimed at the understanding of and planning for organisational development. The guide therefore provides a basic structure - it should not bind organisations to a rigid process.

If certain areas are omitted from your evaluation, please explain why (e.g. you have just gone through an affirmative action review process and therefore feel that another review of this area is irrelevant now).

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1. Governance and leadership

The first area to be assessed is the governance and leadership structures of the organisation and the way in which they function.

In this guide the term "governance" refers to the responsibilities and actions of the members of the governing body such as the board of an organisation, while "leadership" refers to the direction and guidance given by the management of the organisation, their support and ability to motivate the staff of the organisation to work towards a common purpose. The quality of governance and leadership depends to a large extent on the interaction between the governing body, the management of the organisation, the staff and the way in which decisions are taken, communicated and implemented. Therefore, governance and leadership are divided into three closely related and interlinked subareas, namely the governing board, leadership and decision making.

Governing board

Use the following questions as a guideline for the assessment of the functioning of the governing board of your organisation:

,	gard to the organisation? Are roles and responsibilities clearly defined (no role conflict)?
	Do the members of the board provide credibility to the organisation?
• • •	
,	Do they have the necessary knowledge, ability and commitment to fulfil their responsibilities?
·	Do they understand the objectives and strategies of the organisation?

	tand their purpose a roles and responsibi				
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
there (e.g. rein increase partici	•	elling expenses to a	ttend meetings) to		
•••••	•••••				
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
 Do the board m to carry out the 	embers have sufficient in duties?	ent access to the info	ormation they need		
•••••					
tives are met ar	red to take action to nd that performance	is satisfactory?	-		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	nt and clear commu nd staff of the organi		e board and the		
 Do the members of the board support the management and staff of your organisation in the implementation of action plans? 					
organisation in	are imprementation (or action plans:			
On the basis of these questions, rate the composition and functioning of your organisation's board according to the following scale:					
0	0	0	0		
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-		
provement	provement	provement	provement		

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in the composition and functioning of your organisation's governing board and explain why you chose them.

Strengths	Weaknesses
Areas that need improvement Identify the areas of functioning of yo changed.	ur organisation's board that need to be
•••••	
Leadership	
The following questions will guide you ship of your organisation:	ı through an assessment of the leader-
spective roles and responsibilities the organisation?	nave a clear understanding of their re- s and do they share a common vision of
Do the members of management	function as a team?
· Do their behaviour reflect their vis	ion of the organisation?
***************************************	•
	·

Do the management members possess the necessary skills to fulfil their responsibilities as leaders of the organisation?				
 Do they share cr members of the 	ritical information organisation?	sufficiently and timeou	ısly with other	
	bers of the organi	courage participation sation?		
		ir decision making?		
	e questions, rate	the quality of the leade scale:		
0	0	0	0	
	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-	
motivation Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in the leadership of your organisation and explain why you chose them.				
			leadership of your	
organisation and ex			leadership of your	
organisation and ex Strengths	plain why you cho	se them.		
organisation and ex Strengths	plain why you cho	weaknesses		
organisation and ex Strengths	plain why you cho	Weaknesses		
organisation and ex Strengths	plain why you cho	Weaknesses		
organisation and ex Strengths	plain why you cho	Weaknesses		
organisation and ex Strengths	plain why you cho	Weaknesses		

On the basis of these questions, rate the decision making processes of your organisation according to the following scale:

0	0	0	0
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-
provement	provement	provement	provement

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in the decision making processes of your organisation and explain why you chose them.

Strengths	Weaknesses
Areas that need improvement	
Identify the areas of decision making	that need to be changed.

2. Strategic direction

Strategic direction refers to the ability of the organisation to position itself in its environment and to change and adapt to an ever-changing environment. Strategic direction is essential for the survival and growth of any organisation.

The evaluation of this area of your organisation's functioning deals with basic questions relating to its existence. It concerns questions such as what your organisation is, why your organisation exists, where and how you see your organisation in relation to the world around it, what you want your organisation to become, where you want your organisation to be in future and whether you have a plan for getting there.

The first area to be assissed is <u>knowing the environment</u>. This area deals with your organisation's knowledge of its clients and beneficiaries, its possible funders as well as its competitors and the competing products and services available in the market.

The second area deals with your organisation's <u>mission statement</u> or the way in which it has formulated its reason for existence.

The third and fourth areas deal with the <u>strategic and action plans</u> that your organisation has in place in order to give effect to its mission.

Although it is imperative for an organisation to have a clear understanding of where it is heading, it should also be aware of the changes taking place in its environment and be flexible enough to adapt to these changes in good time. The fifth area for assessment therefore deals with the organisation's flexibility.

A sixth area related to the strategic direction of an organisation is its ability to be financially sustainable. <u>Financial sustainability</u> depends on an organisation's awareness of funding sources and its ability to access those sources successfully.

The last compenent of strategic direction to be assessed, is the organisation's <u>values</u>. The concept "values" refers to the set of beliefs on which an organisation bases its policies and actions. The values and beliefs that an organisation holds gives the organisation its distinct character and affects the decisions that are made concerning overall goals and strategic choices. In its decision making, an organisation is constantly faced with choices, e.g. the need to contain costs versus the need to provide excellent service or the need to exercise control over organisational activities versus the need to be people oriented. An organisation's value system will direct it to one or the other of these choices (i.e. place the emphasis on those things that are most important to the particular organisation).

Knowing the environment

	Does your organisation know who the primary beneficiaries of its services/products are (i.e. can you list them)?
•	Does your organisation have readily accessible information on its clients (e.g. number, type, etc.)?
•	Is your organisation able to identify the secondary beneficiaries of its services (i.e. people who are not its clients, but who indirectly benefit from its services/products)?
•	Does your organisation know who its main competitors/other organisations providing similar services are?
•	How well is your organisation acquainted with possible funders, their needs and requirements?
•	Does your organisation know how its products/services compare with similar products/services in the field?
•	Does your organisation have a system for the regular and systematic assessment of community and client needs?
•••	
•••	
•••	

 Does your organisation know the main providers of the types of services that it uses? 					
On the basis of thes environment accord	• •	your organisation's kn ng scale:	owledge of the		
0	0	0	0		
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-		
provement	provement	provement	provement		
		and weaknesses in you plain why you chose t			
Strengths		Weaknesses			

Areas that need improvement Identify the areas of environmental knowledge that need to be changed.					
•••••			•••••		
Mission statement					
 Does your organisation have a clearly defined purpose, e.g. a written mission statement? 					
		•••••	•••••		
To what extent are the main stakeholders of your organisation involved in the review of your purpose/mission?					

Is the purpose members?	of the organisation	on/mission statement	known to all staff
		the extent to which the defined, according to	
0	0	0	0
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-
provement	provement	provement	provement
		ind weaknesses in the is defined and explain Weaknesses	
<u>ou ouguio</u>		**************************************	
Areas that need im Identify those parts need to be changed	of the definition of	f the purpose of your	organisation that
Strategic plan			
 Does your organ pose/mission sta 		rategic plan that is a	ligned with its pur-

•	holders?		ian known to an emp	•		
•••	•••••					
•••	•••••					
•••	•••••			•••••		
•••	•••••			•••••		
•	Does your organisation have clearly defined and realistic strategies to operationalise its strategic plan?					
•••						
•••				•••••		
•••				•••••		
•••				•••••		
•	Does your organ with the changin	g environment?	sly adapt its strategi	-		
•••						
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•••	•••••					
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			our organisation's st	rategic planning		
OH	the following sca	ie.				
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	eed radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-		
	\sim		_			
р	eed radical im- rovement	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-		
р Мо	eed radical im- rovement otivation	Need much improvement	Need some improvement	Need no improvement		
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Mo Ple or	eed radical im- rovement otivation ease set out the varianisation plan st	Need much improvement arious strengths arategically and expenses	Need some improvement and weaknesses in the plain why you chose the	Need no improvement way in which your		
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Mc Ple org St Ar Ide	eed radical im- rovement otivation ease set out the variation plan st rengths eas that need impentify the aspects	Need much improvement arious strengths arrategically and expenses and expenses are strengths arrategically and expenses are strengths are str	Need some improvement Ind weaknesses in the plain why you chose the weaknesses	Need no improvement way in which your hem.		
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Action plans

	_	ent support staff in t			
		nisation systematica ting on the attainme		ns and resolve	
	On the basis of these questions, rate your organisation's ability to implement ts strategies through realistic action plans according to the following scale:				
Nec	o d radical im-	0 Need much im-	O Need some im-	O Need no im-	
nee	u radicai im-	Need much im-	Need Some im-	Need no im-	

Motivation

provement

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in the way in which the strategies of your organisation are converted into action plans and explain why you chose them.

provement

provement

provement

Strengths	Weaknesses
Areas that need improvement Identify the aspects of action planning changed.	g and implementation that need to be
Flexibility	
How proactive is your organisatio	n in adapting to environmental changes?
 Are change strategies clearly c tion? 	ommunicated throughout the organisa-
 Are all members of the organisat changing environment? 	ion convinced of the need to adapt to a
 How flexible are your organisation ing to environmental changes (e.g.) 	n's systems and procedures in respond- . sociopolitical changes)?

On the basis of these questions, rate your organisation's flexibility and ability to adapt to a changing environment according to the following scale:

0	0	0	0
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-
provement	provement	provement	provement

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in your organisation's flexibility and ability to adapt to a changing environment and explain why you chose them.

chose them.	nging environment and explain why you
Strengths	Weaknesses
Areas that need improvement In what ways does your organisation	need to become more flexible?
Financial sustainability	
To what extent is your organisation for the type of products/services terms.	-
it dependent on one source, or is kind resources from various publi	funding from a variety of sources (i.e. is it effective in securing financial and incand/or other agencies)?

	able to identify ter	sufficient funding to s ndering possibilities a	
On the basis of thes ability on the followi		our organisation's fir	ancial sustain-
0	0	0	0
Need radical Im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-
provement	provement	provement	provement
financial sustainabil Strengths	ity and explain why	nd weaknesses in you y you chose them. Weaknesses	
Areas that need improvement What areas of funding need improvement in order to ensure the financial sustainability of your organisation?			

Values

ım	provement	provement	provement	provement
	eds radical	Needs much im-	Needs some im-	Needs no im-
	0	0	0	0
	the basis of thes ding to the follov		ur organisation's va	llue system ac-
	To what extent a	re these values resp	pected and adhered	to?
	To what extent a cies?	are these values re	flected in your polic	eies, e.g. staff poli-
				•••••
	tions of your org	anisation?		-
,	How do these d	core values influenc	e the mission, obje	ectives and opera-
		_	lated, e.g. are they i all members of staff	The state of the s
	your organisatio	n?	ining the existence	•

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in your organisation's value system and explain why you chose them.

Strengths	Weaknesses
Areas that need improvement What areas in your organisation's va	lue system need improvement?

3. Operational management

Operational management concerns the day-to-day management of the business of the organisation such as its projects, its operational units or divisions, its finances and information.

The focus of this part of the evaluation is not on the success or quality of your organisation's projects, products or services as such, but on the systems and procedures that it has in place to ensure that its day-to-day operations are well managed so that its goals can be achieved.

Project/programme/operational unit management

	proposal)?
-	
	Does your organisation have the capacity (enough people and time) and expertise to undertake the projects that it is involved in?
-	
	How skilled are your organisation's project managers in handling teams?
-	
-	How effectively do its teams function?
-	
	Is the necessary support available for the execution of projects (e.g. administrative support, legal advice, access to information, computer systems, etc.)?
_	

	a system that p		information about the	nation system (e.g. e current status or
•	effectiveness ar	nd are they adjuste	ed to determine their ed according to these	reviews?
•	the adaptation of	of projects?	f projects, pre- and po	
		•••••		•••••
		•••••		•••••
•	would funders of use its services	choose to fund its and not the service	projects a competitiv projects or why would es of other similar org	d clients choose to anisations)?
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	. (
υþ			your organisation's pr ing to the following sc	
о р	perational unit ma	nagement accord	ing to the following sc	ale:
	erational unit ma	nagement accord	ing to the following sca	ale:
N	perational unit ma	nagement accord	ing to the following sc	ale:
Mo Plo pr	oerational unit ma leed radical im- brovement otivation ease set out the v	Need much improvement	o Need some im-	Need no improvement
Mo Plo pr the	oerational unit ma leed radical im- provement otivation ease set out the voject/programme	Need much improvement	Need some improvement	Need no improvement
Mo Plo pr the	oerational unit ma leed radical im- provement otivation ease set out the v oject/programme em.	Need much improvement	Need some improvement and weaknesses in your nanagement and expl	Need no improvement
Mo Plo pr the	oerational unit ma leed radical im- provement otivation ease set out the v oject/programme em.	Need much improvement various strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses in your nanagement and expl	Need no improvement
Mo Plo pr the	oerational unit ma leed radical im- provement otivation ease set out the v oject/programme em.	Need much improvement various strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses in your nanagement and expl	Need no improvement
Mo Plo pr the	oerational unit ma leed radical im- provement otivation ease set out the v oject/programme em.	Need much improvement various strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses in your nanagement and expl	Need no improvement
Mo Plo pr the	oerational unit ma leed radical im- provement otivation ease set out the v oject/programme em.	Need much improvement various strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses in your nanagement and expl	Need no improvement
Mo Plo pr the	oerational unit ma leed radical im- provement otivation ease set out the v oject/programme em.	Need much improvement various strengths and operational unit references.	Need some improvement and weaknesses in your nanagement and expl	Need no improvement organisation's ain why you chose
Mo Plo pr the	oleed radical improvement otivation ease set out the voject/programme em.	Need much improvement various strengths and operational unit references.	Need some improvement and weaknesses in you nanagement and expl	Need no improvement organisation's ain why you chose

Areas that need improvement What aspects of your organisation's project/programme/operational unit management need to be changed?
Financial management
Does your organisation have a properly functioning accounting system?
 Are your organisation's financial accounts audited annually?
 Does your organisation have a formal annual budget?
 Is the implementation of the budget monitored on a regular basis (e.g. by means of monthly financial reports)?
Is your organisation able to control income and expenditure effectively?
 Does your organisation have an effective system for determining the various cost elements (i.e. measuring the costs of its operations, for instance overhead costs, time, equipment, etc.)?

(e.g. travel and s	subsistence)? Are	mal policies with rega these policies adhere	ed to?
On the basis of thes ment according to t		your organisation's fir :	nancial manage-
0	0	0	0
Need radical improvement	Need much improvement	Need some improvement	Need no im- provement
Motivation Please set out the value of the management of the manag		and weaknesses in you by you chose them.	ur organisation's
Strengths	I	Weaknesses	
•••••			•••••
•••••		•••••	•••••
Areas that need im Identify the aspects be changed.		ion's financial manage	ement that need to
Management of	information		
 Does your organ to perform its co 		ctive administrative sy	ystems to enable it
•••••			•••••
•••••			

	_	n to access informati resources, clients, e	
 Does your organ tems regularly? 	nisation evaluate th	ne effectiveness of its	information sys-
On the basis of thes formation according		your organisation's m cale:	nanagement of in-
0	0	0	0
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-
provement	provement	provement	provement
	provenient		
Motivation Please set out the vimanagement of info	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vimanagement of info	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vimanagement of info	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vimanagement of info	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the v	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vimanagement of info	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vimanagement of info	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vimanagement of info	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the variancement of info Strengths	arious strengths a	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vertical management of information Strengths Areas that need im Identify the aspects	arious strengths a strengths a strengths a strength and expla	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vertical management of information Strengths Areas that need im Identify the aspects	arious strengths a strengths a strengths a strength and expla	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vertical management of information Strengths Areas that need im Identify the aspects	arious strengths a strengths a strengths a strength and expla	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vertical management of information Strengths Areas that need im	arious strengths a strengths a strengths a strength and expla	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vertical management of information Strengths Areas that need im Identify the aspects	arious strengths a strengths a strengths a strength and expla	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's
Motivation Please set out the vertical management of information Strengths Areas that need im Identify the aspects	arious strengths a strengths a strengths a strength and expla	nd weaknesses in yo in why you chose the	ur organisation's

4. Human resources

It goes without saying that a well-motivated staff is essential for the effective functioning of an organisation. In this part of the organisational assessment the focus is on the extent to which policies, structures, systems and management styles of the organisation contribute towards the fair and respectful treatment and development of employees.

Staffing

•	Does your organisation review its human resources needs regularly so as to ensure that it has the right number of people with the right skills available?
•••	
	Is your organisation able to retain its key staff members/key skills needed?
•	What are the main criteria used to select and appoint employees (e.g.
	skills, qualifications, experience, age, gender, population group)? Does the utilisation of these criteria enable your organisation to improve its per-
	formance?
•••	
•••	
•••	
•	Does your organisation have some form of orientation or induction for new employees? How effective is this in making new employees part of the organisation?
•	Does your organisation have policies/guidelines that cover matters such as probationary period, resignation, retirement and retrenchment? Are these policies/guidelines known and understood by all members of staff, and are they consistently applied?
•••	

On the basis of these questions, rate your staffing practices according to the following scale:

0	0	0	0
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-
provement	provement	provement	provement

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in your staffing prac-

tices and explain why you chose them.		
Strengths	Weaknesses	
changed.	ion's staffing practices that need to be	
Working environment		
Are there job descriptions for every the responsibilities and skills need	ery job in the organisation which define ded to perform the job effectively?	
 Does your organisation provide it able instructions in order to mini environment? 	ts staff members with clear and reason- imise stress and conflict in the working	

•	Is staff particip		opment of work prod	cedures and proc-
	_			
•	creativity and in	nnovation, i.e. seeki	of staff treated as a ing ideas and views fr s/employees sharing	om all members of
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		o increase the qual	ged to think critically ity of the organisation	ı's output?
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		. acknowledging th lishing a task?	take the initiative in take that there can	be more than one
		ese questions, evarding to the followi	aluate your organisa ing scale:	ition as a working
	0	0	0	0
	eds radical	Needs much im-	Needs some im-	Needs no im-
im	provement	provement	provement	provement
Ple		various strengths arent and explain why	nd weaknesses in you you chose them.	ır organisation's
Sti	rengths		Weaknesses	

be changed.	of your organisatio	-	
Development o	of people		
organisation (e. portunities suffi	uman resources de g. training, mentors cient to enhance you	ship, job rotation, et ur organisation's pe	c.)? Are these op- rformance?
needs (e.g. are taken into consi	•	ganisation as well as	s the needs of staff
 Does every empties that will ber 	oloyee in the organis	sation have equal ac ance and career?	ccess to opportuni-
	e assistance prog ng programmes, etc		red (e.g. bursary
•••••			
	ese questions, evaluent practices accor		
0	0	0	0
Need much im-	Need radical im-	Need some im-	Need no im-
provement	provement	provement	provement

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in your organisation's people development practices and explain why you chose them.

Strengths	Weaknesses
to be changed.	
cial and gender composition of t your organisation's objectives reg the organisation?	sation's staff composition reflect the ra- he South African workforce? What are garding racial and gender distribution in
 Are you aware of any discriminate are any measures taken to elimina 	ory practices in your organisation? If so, ate these practices?

¹ Organisations need to assess their policies and programmes on affirmative action and employment equity in view of the proposed legislation.

	ed radical im- ovement	Need much im- provement	Need some improvement	Need no im- provement
				_
	0	0	0	0
			uate your organisat ces according to the	
	tions?			
•			cruitment and pror	
		n statistics, people/υ mmes for affirmative	inits responsible for action)?	affirmative action,
•	progress towar	ds its affirmative ac	ods to facilitate, mo ction goals (e.g. reg	ular updating of af-
		• •	working effectively?	
	Does your orga	nisation have a spec	cific programme for	the implementation
	•			
•	Does your orga process?	nisation have meas	urable targets for the	e affirmative action
			n? To what extent policy? Is it impleme	
	which it appoin			

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in your affirmative action and employment equity practices and explain why you chose them.

Strengths	Weaknesses
equity processes that need to be cha	ion's affirmative action and employment nged.
Performance management	
 Does your organisation have a fai is in line with the strategic direction 	r performance management system that on of the organisation?
 To what extent are staff members their own performance? 	s actively involved in the management of
 To what extent does your organi tem ensure continuous honest (managers as well as employees) 	sation's performance management sys- feedback between members of staff on their performance?

 What incentives does your organisation provide to increase motivation and work performance? 				
On the basis of the	ese questions, eva	lluate your organisat	ion's perfor-	
mance manageme				
	J	3		
0	0	0	0	
Need radical im-	Need much im-	Need some im-	Need no im-	
	provement	provement	provement	
provement	provement	provement	provement	
Motivation				
		ınd weaknesses in you	_	
performance mana	gement and explai	n why you chose then	١.	
	·	•		
Strengths		Weaknesses		
•••••			•••••	
•••••				
•••••	•••••			
Areas that need in				
Identify the aspects	s of your organisat	ion's management of	performance that	
need to be changed	d.			
		•••••	,	
•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
•••••				

Conditions of service

Motivation

Please set out the various strengths and weaknesses in your conditions of service and explain why you chose them.

Strengths	Weaknesses
be changed.	ion's conditions of service that need to

5. Feedback

Feedback refers to the way in which the organisation seeks feedback from its environment on its performance, e.g. is it doing well or not. Feedback also refers to the way in which the organisation provides information about its performance to its stakeholders.

•	Does your organisation have an effective system to continuously evaluate the value of its services to its beneficiaries?
	Does your organisation monitor its progress towards achieving its goals?
	Is the evaluation process taken seriously at all levels in the organisation?
•	Does the evaluation process include all stakeholders both inside and outside the organisation?
•	Are evaluation findings fed back to staff members at all levels in the organisation?
•	Does your organisation react appropriately to the outcome of evaluations, i.e. not shy away from abandoning low performance activities and unachievable goals?

•	Does your organits funders?	isation have mec	hanisms to provide or	ngoing feedback to
••				
••				
••				•••••
••				
•		nisation have a sees with others in t	ystem for regularly on the field?	comparing its pro-
••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•••••
••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•••••
•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	Does your orgai annual report)?	nisation have clea	ar public reporting p	rocedures (e.g. an
-				
•				
	n the basis of thes	e questions, rate y	your organisation's m	echanisms to get
	nd to give feedbac	k according to the	following scale:	
aı	0	0	0	0
a	© Need radical im-	O Need much im-	0 Need some im-	Need no im-
a	0	0	0	_
M P	© Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the va	Need much improvement arious strengths a	0 Need some im-	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement	Need no improvement
M P m	© Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the va	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
M P m	O Need radical im- provement Iotivation lease set out the value of the provent o	Need much improvement arious strengths a	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement
MPm S	Need radical improvement Iotivation lease set out the value chanisms to get a strengths	Need much improvement arious strengths a and to give feedba	Need some improvement and weaknesses of your lick and explain why you	Need no improvement ur organisation's ou chose them.
MPm S	Need radical improvement Iotivation lease set out the value hanisms to get a strengths Itrengths Ireas that need implentify the aspects	Need much improvement arious strengths a and to give feedba	Need some improvement Ind weaknesses of you like and explain why you weaknesses	Need no improvement ur organisation's ou chose them.
MPm S	Need radical improvement Iotivation lease set out the value hanisms to get a strengths Itrengths Ireas that need implentify the aspects	Need much improvement arious strengths a and to give feedba	Need some improvement Ind weaknesses of you like and explain why you weaknesses	Need no improvement ur organisation's ou chose them.
MPm S	Need radical improvement Iotivation lease set out the value hanisms to get a strengths Itrengths Ireas that need implentify the aspects	Need much improvement arious strengths a and to give feedba	Need some improvement Ind weaknesses of you like and explain why you weaknesses	Need no improvement ur organisation's ou chose them.
MPm S	Need radical improvement Iotivation lease set out the value hanisms to get a strengths Itrengths Ireas that need implentify the aspects	Need much improvement arious strengths a and to give feedba	Need some improvement Ind weaknesses of you like and explain why you weaknesses	Need no improvement ur organisation's ou chose them.

6. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Any additional comments or suggestions to be followed up may be included here.

Fill in the score summary below by transferring the scores under the various subsections. This will provide you with an overview of your organisation's performance in the individual areas at a glance.

ASSESSMENT OF ORGANISATIONAL CAPACITY				
	Needs radical impro- vement	Needs much impro- vement	Needs some impro- vement	Needs no im- prove- ment
GOVERNANCE AND LEADERS	HIP			
Governing board				
Leadership				
Decision making and problem solving				
STRATEGIC DIRECTION				
Knowing the environment				
Mission statement				
Strategic plan				
Action plans				
Flexibility				
Financial sustainability				
Values				
OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT				
Project/programme/operational unit management				
Financial management				
Management of information				
HUMAN RESOURCES				
Staffing				
Working environment				
Development of people				
Affirmative action and employment equity				
Performance management				
Conditions of service				
FEEDBACK				

PRIORITISATION OF AREAS THAT NEED URGENT ATTENTION

continued survival and growth of	your organisation.
	e three areas you gave the highest prior-
ity.	
PRIORITY AREA	CHANGE STRATEGY
	CHANGE STRATEGY 1.
PRIORITY AREA	
PRIORITY AREA 1.	1.
PRIORITY AREA	
PRIORITY AREA 1.	1.
PRIORITY AREA 1. 2.	2.
PRIORITY AREA 1.	1.
PRIORITY AREA 1. 2.	2.
PRIORITY AREA 1. 2.	2.
PRIORITY AREA 1. 2.	2.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF THE INSTRUMENT

In order to develop the instrument to its full capacity, it will have to undergo rigorous evaluation. This can happen through a continuous process of feedback from a wide audience after they have applied the instrument in practice.

Kindly fill in the following form and return it to the address below:

Human Resources Information and Planning
Group for Human Resources
Human Sciences Research Council
Private Bag X41
PRETORIA 0002

	Is the section on "How to use this guide" clear? Did you find the guide- lines provided adequate?
	Do you consider the suggested "assessment process" feasible?
3.	Are the explanations of the "main areas of organisational capacity" clear and adequate?
•	

4.	Are all the "areas of organisational capacity" covered? Are there any unnecessary areas mentioned?
5.	Are the specific questions under each area clear and unambiguous? Were you able to answer the questions?
c	What is your impropries of the ground format of the guide?
	What is your impression of the general format of the guide?
7.	Is there anything else that you would like to bring to our attention?

THANK YOU FOR YOUR CO-OPERATION